











Bee pollen versus Bee bread – nutritional value and biological properties

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Introduction

Bee pollen is a mixture of flower pollen, nectar, enzymes, honey and bee secretions.

Bee Bread is a fermented mixture of plant pollen, honey and bee saliva that worker bees use as source of protein for larvae, and for young bees. Pollen collected by bees is mixed with a small amount of honey and saliva and packed into the cells of the honeycomb where it undergoes a chemical change and the resulting product it is called Bee Bread.

















Determination of nutritional value

- Analitical methods:
 - proteins –Kjeldahl method
 - lipids –Soxhlet method
 - carbohydrates HPLC









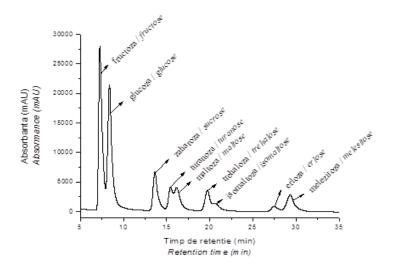








Determination of the carbohydrates with HPLC-IR







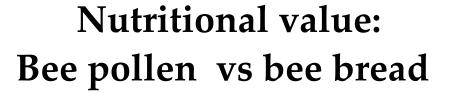














Sample	Moisture ±SD* [%]	Ash ±SD* [%]	Lipid ±SD* [%]	Protein ±SD* [%]	Carbo- hydrates [%]	Energy value Kcal/ 100g
Bee pollen	22.53±0.09	2.24±0.02	6.31±0.72	23.81±0.42	46.24	362.64
Bee bread	12.77±0.09	2.58±0.01	5.52±0.02	22.27±0.13	54.35	348.83







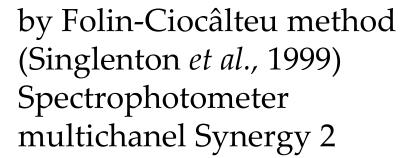


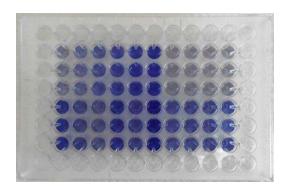




Determination of bioactive compounds

Total polyphenols







Sample	Total polyphenols (mg GAE/g sample)
Bee pollen	
	8.80±0.19
Bee bread	7.69±0.07









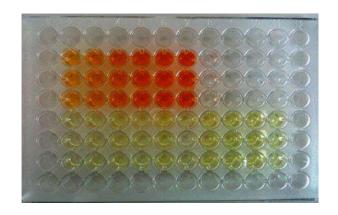


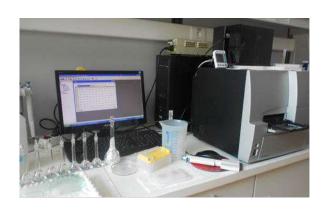


Total flavonoids

with AlCl3 10% in methanol

Spectrophotometer Synergy 2 HT Multi-Detection Microplate Reader





Sample Bee pollen	Total flavonoids (mg QE/g sample) 4.03±0.26
Bee bread	5.07±0.06











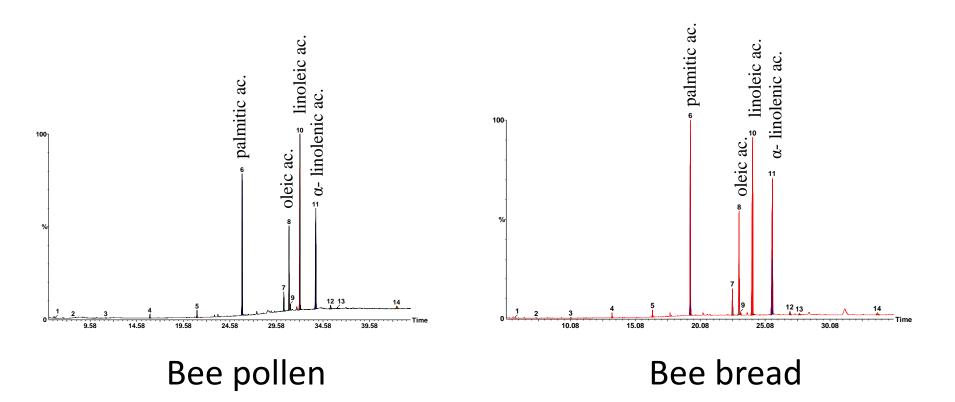


Fatty acids determination by gaschromatographic method coupled with massspectrometry (GS-MS)

- Total lipids(TL) chloroform/methanol: 2/1(v/v), Folch et al., 1951
- GS-MS PerkinElmer Clarus 600 T (PerkinElmer, Inc, Shelton, U.S.A.)



Fatty acids contents: Bee pollen vs bee bread















Fatty acid composition (% of total fatty acids) of total lipids in bee pollen and bee bread

Fatty acids	6:0	8:0	10:0	12:0	14:0	16:0	18:0	18:1(n-9)	18:1(9t)(n-9)	18:2(n-6)	18:3(n-3)	(20:0)	20:1(n-9)	(22:0)	n-6 / n-3
Bee pollen	0.03	-	0.03	0.70	1.19	23.28	3.25	15.11	0.99	35.11	19.28	0.63	0.19	0.87	1.54
Bee bread	-	_	0.05	0.24	0.69	25.56	3.67	14.28	0.36	37.65	26.26	0.44	0.23	0.49	1.26

PUFAs-polyunsaturated fatty acids

caproic acid (6:0); caprylic acid (8:0); capric acid (10:0); lauric acid (12:0); myristic acid(14:0); palmitic acid(16:0); stearic acid (18:0); oleic acid [18:1 (n-9)]; elaidic acid [18:1 (9 t) (n-9)]; linoleic acid [18:2 (n-6)]; α - linolenic acid [18:3 (n-3)]; arachidic acid (20:0); eicosenoic acid [20:1(n-9)]; behenic acid (22:0)













Amino acids composition of bee pollen and bee bread

The liquid chromatography technique was used with a mass spectrometer detector (LC-MS);

28 amino acids has been identified, of which 9 are essential amino acids.









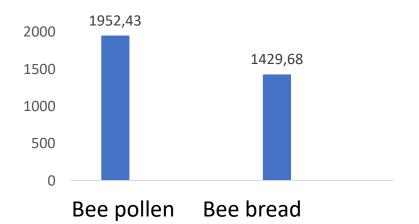




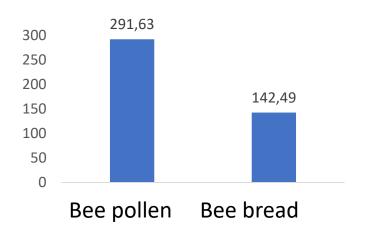


Amino acids composition of bee pollen and bee bread

Total amino acids mg/100



Total essential amino acids mg/100







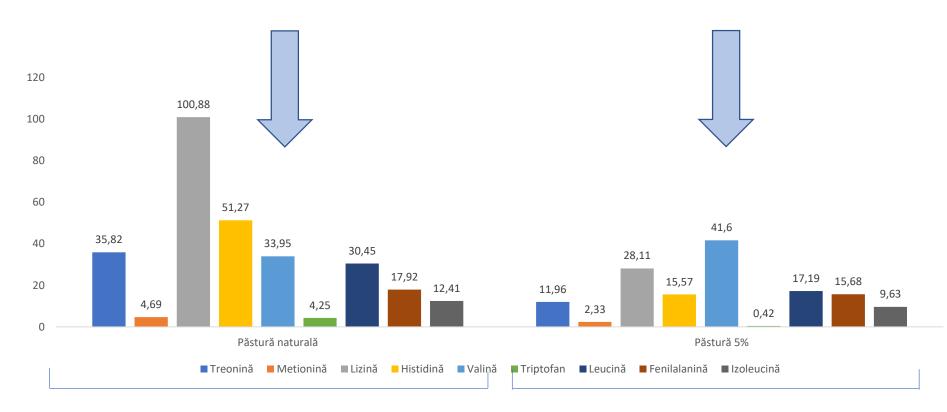








Total essentials amino acids, mg/100g



Bee pollen

Bee Bread

Conclusions



• Bee pollen and bee bread nutritional value is given by its protein content, lipids, carbohydrates, minerals and vitamins.



• Bee pollen and bee bread are natural sources of biologically active compounds such as polyphenols, flavonoids, fatty acids and amino acids.



• The differences between pollen and bee bread were predominantly given by different botanical origins of the pant pollen.

